



**HOW TO SUBMIT/FILE
CIVIL PETITIONS AND
CRIMINAL FORMS/APPLICATIONS
WITH JP2 OFFICE:**

IN PERSON:

SUBMIT ALL RELATED PAPERWORK TO OFFICE CLERK AT
2840 HWY 35 N, ROCKPORT, TX, ROOM 121

BY E-MAIL:

SEND ALL RELATED PAPERWORK TO JP2@ARANSASCOUNTY.ORG

BY FAX:

SEND ALL RELATED PAPERWORK TO (361) 790-5392

BY MAIL:

SEND TO 2840 HWY 35 N, ROCKPORT, TX 78382

**HOW TO PAY FOR CIVIL PETITION
FEES AND CRIMINAL FINES/FEES**

SEE PAYMENT INFO FOR FEES

EVICTION PETITION COVER PAGE

- Justice Courts are NOT allowed to give legal advice.
- It is highly recommended that you consult an attorney.
- Refer to the Texas Property Code
 - Chapter 24 for Notices
 - Chapter 92 Residential Evictions (includes RV Parks)
 - Chapter 94 for mobile home park evictions

****If proper procedure is not followed and your case is dismissed, you will NOT be eligible for a refund.****

ADDRESS MUST BE POSTED AT RESIDENCE.



CAUSE NO. _____

_____	§	IN THE JUSTICE COURT
PLAINTIFF	§	
	§	
v.	§	PRECINCT NO. 2
	§	
_____	§	
DEFENDANT	§	ARANSAS COUNTY, TEXAS

PETITION: EVICTION CASE

COMPLAINT: Plaintiff hereby sues the following Defendant(s) _____
_____ for eviction of Plaintiff's premises (including
storerooms and parking areas) located in the above precinct. The address of the property is:

_____	_____	_____	_____	_____
Street Address	Unit No. (If any)	City	State	Zip

GROUND(S) FOR EVICTION: Plaintiff alleges the following grounds for eviction:

- Unpaid rent.** Defendant(s) failed to pay rent for the following time period(s):
_____. The amount of rent claimed as of the date of
filing is: \$_____. Plaintiff reserves the right to orally amend the amount
at trial to include rent due from the date of filing through the date of trial.
- Other lease violations.** Defendant(s) breached the terms of the lease (other than
by failing to pay rent) as follows: _____
- Holdover.** Defendant(s) are unlawfully holding over by failing to vacate at the end
of the rental term or renewal of extension period, which was the _____ day of
_____, 20_____.

NOTICE TO VACATE: Plaintiff has given Defendant(s) a written notice to vacate (according to
Chapter 24.005 of the Texas Property Code) and demand for possession. Such notice was
delivered on the _____ day of _____, 20_____ by this method:

SUIT FOR RENT: Plaintiff does or does not include a suit for unpaid rent.

ATTORNEY'S FEES: Plaintiff will be or will not be seeking applicable attorney's fees. The
attorney's name, address, phone and fax numbers are:



IMMEDIATE POSSESSION BOND: If Plaintiff has filed a bond for immediate possession, Plaintiff requests that: (1) the Court set the amount of the bond; (2) the Court approve the bond; and (3) proper notices, as required by the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure, are given to Defendant(s).

SERVICE OF CITATION: Service is requested on Defendant(s) by: personal service at home or work, or by delivery to a person over the age of 16 years at Defendant's usual place of residence. If required, Plaintiff requests alternative service as allowed by the Texas Rules of Civil Procedure. Other home or work addresses where Defendant(s) may be served are:

Plaintiff knows of no other home or work addresses of Defendant(s) in this county.

RELIEF: Plaintiff requests that Defendant(s) is served with the citation and that Plaintiff is awarded a judgment against Defendant(s) for: possession of the premises, including removal of Defendant(s) and Defendant's possessions from the premises, unpaid rent, if set forth above, attorney's fees, court costs, and interest on the above sums at the rate stated in the lease, or if not so stated, at the statutory rate for judgments.

I hereby request a jury trial. The fee is \$22 and must be paid at least 3 days before trial.

I hereby consent for the answer and any other motions or pleadings to be sent to my email address as follows:_____.

I hereby declare that I have not received a sworn Declaration that the tenant(s) is a covered person under the CDC's order to temporarily halt residential evictions.

Plaintiff's Printed Name

Signature of Plaintiff or Agent or Attorney

Defendant's Information (if known):

Date of birth: _____

Address of Plaintiff or Agent or Attorney

Last three digits of Driver License: _____

Last three digits of Soc. Sec. No.: _____

Phone No.: _____

City State Zip

Phone & Fax of Plaintiff or Agent or Attorney

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED before me this _____ day of _____, 20 _____

CLERK OF THE JUSTICE COURT OR NOTARY

CARES Act
Public Law 116-136

SEC. 4023. FORBEARANCE OF RESIDENTIAL MORTGAGE LOAN PAYMENTS FOR MULTIFAMILY PROPERTIES WITH FEDERALLY BACKED LOANS.

(a) **IN GENERAL.**—During the covered period, a multifamily borrower with a Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan experiencing a financial hardship due, directly or indirectly, to the COVID-19 emergency may request a forbearance under the terms set forth in this section.

(b) **REQUEST FOR RELIEF.**—A multifamily borrower with a Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan that was current on its payments as of February 1, 2020, may submit an oral or written request for forbearance under subsection (a) to the borrower’s servicer affirming that the multifamily borrower is experiencing a financial hardship during the COVID-19 emergency.

(c) **FORBEARANCE PERIOD.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Upon receipt of an oral or written request for forbearance from a multifamily borrower, a servicer shall—

(A) document the financial hardship;

(B) provide the forbearance for up to 30 days; and

(C) extend the forbearance for up to 2 additional 30 day periods upon the request of the borrower provided that, the borrower’s request for an extension is made during the covered period, and, at least 15 days prior to the end of the forbearance period described under subparagraph (B).

(2) **RIGHT TO DISCONTINUE.**—A multifamily borrower shall have the option to discontinue the forbearance at any time.

(d) **RENTER PROTECTIONS DURING FORBEARANCE PERIOD.**—A multifamily borrower that receives a forbearance under this section may not, for the duration of the forbearance—

(1) evict or initiate the eviction of a tenant from a dwelling unit located in or on the applicable property solely for nonpayment of rent or other fees or charges; or

(2) charge any late fees, penalties, or other charges to a tenant described in paragraph (1) for late payment of rent.

(e) **NOTICE.**—A multifamily borrower that receives a forbearance under this section—

(1) may not require a tenant to vacate a dwelling unit located in or on the applicable property before the date that is 30 days after the date on which the borrower provides the tenant with a notice to vacate; and

(2) may not issue a notice to vacate under paragraph (1) until after the expiration of the forbearance.

(f) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **APPLICABLE PROPERTY.**—The term “applicable property”, with respect to a Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan, means the residential multifamily property against which the mortgage loan is secured by a lien.

(2) **FEDERALLY BACKED MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN.**—The term “Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan” includes any loan (other than temporary financing such as a construction loan) that—

(A) is secured by a first or subordinate lien on residential multifamily real property designed principally for the occupancy of 5 or more families, including any such secured loan, the proceeds of which are used to prepay or pay off an existing loan secured by the same property; and

(B) is made in whole or in part, or insured, guaranteed, supplemented, or assisted in any way, by any officer or agency of the Federal Government or under or in connection with a housing or urban development program administered by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or a housing or related program administered by any other such officer or agency, or is purchased or securitized by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association.

(3) **MULTIFAMILY BORROWER.**—the term “multifamily borrower” means a borrower of a residential mortgage loan that is secured by a lien against a property comprising 5 or more dwelling units.

(4) **COVID-19 EMERGENCY.**—The term “COVID-19 emergency” means the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak declared by the President on March 13, 2020 under the National Emergencies Act ([50 U.S.C. 1601](#) et seq.).

(5) **COVERED PERIOD.**—The term “covered period” means the period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act and ending on the sooner of—

(A) the termination date of the national emergency concerning the novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) outbreak declared by the President on March 13, 2020 under the National Emergencies Act ([50 U.S.C. 1601](#) et seq.); or

(B) December 31, 2020.

Sec. 4024 TEMPORARY MORATORIUM ON EVICTION FILINGS.

(a) **DEFINITIONS.**—In this section:

(1) **COVERED DWELLING.**— The term “covered dwelling” means a dwelling that—

- (A) is occupied by a tenant—
 - (i) pursuant to a residential lease; or
 - (ii) without a lease or with a lease terminable under State law; and
 - (B) is on or in a covered property.
- (2) COVERED PROPERTY.—The term “covered property” means any property that—
- (A) participates in—
 - (i) a covered housing program (as defined in section 41411(a) of the Violence Against Women Act of 1994 (34 U.S.C. 12491(a))); or
 - (ii) the rural housing voucher program under section 542 of the Housing Act of 1949 (42 U.S.C. 1490r); or
 - (B) has a—
 - (i) Federally backed mortgage loan; or (ii) Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan.
- (3) DWELLING.—The term “dwelling” —
- (A) has the meaning given the term in section 802 of the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3602); and (B) includes houses and dwellings described in section 803(b) of such Act (42 U.S.C. 3603(b)).
- (4) FEDERALLY BACKED MORTGAGE LOAN.—The term “Federally backed mortgage loan” includes any loan (other than temporary financing such as a construction loan) that —
- (A) is secured by a first or subordinate lien on residential real property (including individual units of condominiums and cooperatives) designed principally for the occupancy of from 1 to 4 families, including any such secured loan, the proceeds of which are used to prepay or pay off an existing loan secured by the same property; and
 - (B) is made in whole or in part, or insured, guaranteed, supplemented, or assisted in any way by any officer or agency of the Federal Government or under or in connection with a housing or urban development program administered by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or a housing or related program administered by any other such officer or agency, or is purchased or securitized by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association.
- (5) FEDERALLY BACKED MULTIFAMILY MORTGAGE LOAN.—The term “Federally backed multifamily mortgage loan” includes any loan (other than temporary financing such as a construction loan) that—
- (A) is secured by a first or subordinate lien on residential multifamily real property designed principally for the occupancy of 5 or more families, including any such secured loan, the proceeds of which are used to prepay or pay off an existing loan secured by the same property; and
 - (B) is made in whole or in part, or insured, guaranteed, supplemented, or assisted in any way, by any officer or agency of the Federal Government or under or in connection with a housing or urban development program administered by the Secretary of Housing and Urban Development or a housing or related program administered by any other such officer or agency, or is purchased or securitized by the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation or the Federal National Mortgage Association.
- (b) MORATORIUM.—During the 120-day period beginning on the date of enactment of this Act, the lessor of a covered dwelling may not-
- (1) make, or cause to be made, any filing with the court of jurisdiction to initiate a legal action to recover possession of the covered dwelling from the tenant for nonpayment of rent or other fees or charges; or
 - (2) charge fees, penalties, or other charges to the tenant related to such nonpayment of rent.
- (c) NOTICE.—The lessor of a covered dwelling unit-
- (1) may not require the tenant to vacate the covered dwelling unit before the date that is 30 days after the date on which the lessor provides the tenant with a notice to vacate; and
 - (2) may not issue a notice to vacate under paragraph (1) until after the expiration of the period described in subsection (b).



AFFIDAVIT

SEC. 201(b) Service Members Civil Relief Act

Plaintiff/Agent/Attorney, being duly sworn on oath under Penalty of Perjury (fine and/or up to one year in jail) deposes and says that _____, defendant(s),

(Check One):

- Is not subject to the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003 or a dependent of a service member.
- Is on active military duty and/or is subject to the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003.
- Defendant has waived his/her rights under the Service Members Civil Relief Act of 2003.
- Service Member status of defendant is unknown at this time.

 Plaintiff's Signature Agent's Signature Attorney's Signature

Printed Name

STATE OF TEXAS
COUNTY OF ARANSAS

Subscribed and sworn to, before me on this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

Clerk of the Court / Notary Public

JUSTICE COURT CIVIL CASE INFORMATION SHEET (4/13)

CAUSE NUMBER (FOR CLERK USE ONLY): _____

STYLED _____
 (e.g., John Smith v. All American Insurance Co; In re Mary Ann Jones; In the Matter of the Estate of George Jackson)

A civil case information sheet must be completed and submitted when an original petition is filed to initiate a new suit. The information should be the best available at the time of filing. This sheet, required by Rule of Civil Procedure 502, is intended to collect information that will be used for statistical purposes only. It neither replaces nor supplements the filings or service of pleading or other documents as required by law or rule. The sheet does not constitute a discovery request, response, or supplementation, and it is not admissible at trial.

1. Contact information for person completing case information sheet:	2. Names of parties in case:
Name: _____ Telephone: _____	Plaintiff(s): _____
Address: _____ Fax: _____	_____
City/State/Zip: _____ State Bar No: _____	Defendant(s): _____
Email: _____	_____
Signature: _____	[Attach additional page as necessary to list all parties]
3. Indicate case type, or identify the most important issue in the case (<i>select only 1</i>):	
<input type="checkbox"/> Debt Claim: A debt claim case is a lawsuit brought to recover a debt by an assignee of a claim, a debt collector or collection agency, a financial institution, or a person or entity primarily engaged in the business of lending money at interest. The claim can be for no more than \$10,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.	<input type="checkbox"/> Eviction: An eviction case is a lawsuit brought to recover possession of real property, often by a landlord against a tenant. A claim for rent may be joined with an eviction case if the amount of rent due and unpaid is not more than \$10,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.
<input type="checkbox"/> Repair and Remedy: A repair and remedy case is a lawsuit filed by a residential tenant under Chapter 92, Subchapter B of the Texas Property Code to enforce the landlord's duty to repair or remedy a condition materially affecting the physical health or safety of an ordinary tenant. The relief sought can be for no more than \$10,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.	<input type="checkbox"/> Small Claims: A small claims case is a lawsuit brought for the recovery of money damages, civil penalties, personal property, or other relief allowed by law. The claim can be for no more than \$10,000, excluding statutory interest and court costs but including attorney fees, if any.

Certificate of Last Known Address

The undersigned certifies that the last known mailing address of the Defendant against whom judgment is taken in this proceeding:

Defendant's Name: _____

Defendant's Address: _____

Plaintiff

Attorney of Record for Plaintiff

Address

This document is required to be filed when a judgment is taken by default so that the Court may notify the defendant of the entry of the default judgment.

The Service Members Civil Relief Act, 50 U.S.C. App 507 *Et Seq*, Passed December 19, 2003, requires the plaintiff in any civil proceeding in which the defendant does not make an appearance to file with the court an affidavit (A) stating whether or not the defendant is in the military service and showing necessary facts to support the affidavit; or (B) if the plaintiff is unable to determine whether or not the defendant is in the military service, stating that the plaintiff is unable to determine whether or not the defendant is in the military service.

PENALTY FOR MAKING OR USING A FALSE AFFIDAVIT: A person who makes or uses a military status affidavit, or statement, declaration, verification, or certificate, knowing it to be false, shall be fined as provided in title 18, United States Code, or imprisoned for not more than one year, or both.

Costs for an attorney ad litem may be assessed against the plaintiff as costs of court unless otherwise ordered by the court.